

Class Xth Mathematics**Coordinate Geometry**

Q1- Find the value of a so that the point $(3, a)$ lies on the line represented by $2x - 3y + 5 = 0$.

(1M)

Q2- Find the distance between the points $(a \cos\theta, 0)$ and $(0, a \sin\theta)$.

(1M)

Q3-

(1M)

The point which divides the line segment joining the points $(8, -9)$ and $(2, 3)$ in ratio $1 : 2$ internally lies in the

(a) I quadrant

(b) II quadrant

(c) III quadrant

(d) IV quadrant

Q4-

(1M)

If $A\left(\frac{m}{3}, 5\right)$ is the mid-point of the line segment joining the points $Q(-6, 7)$ and $R(-2, 3)$, then the value of m is

(a) -12

(b) -4

(c) 12

(d) -6

Q5- If $A(-2, -1)$, $B(a, 0)$, $C(4, b)$ and $D(1, 2)$ are the vertices of a parallelogram, find the values of a and b .

(2M)

Q6-

(2M)

If the distances of $P(x, y)$ from $A(5, 1)$ and $B(-1, 5)$ are equal, then prove that $3x = 2y$

Q7- Determine the ratio in which the line $3x + y - 9 = 0$ divides the segment joining the points $(1, 3)$ and $(2, 7)$.

(3M)

Q8- The line joining the points $(2, 1)$ and $(5, -8)$ is trisected at the points P and Q . Find the coordinates of P and Q . If point P lies on the line $2x - y + k = 0$. Find the value of k . (4M)

Q9-

(4M)

Find the ratio in which the segment joining the points $(1, -3)$ and $(4, 5)$ is divided by x -axis? Also find the coordinates of this point on x -axis.